SEPTEMBER 23, 1775. THE NUMBER 1259.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the Freſheſt ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE. —— SUET. in TIB. S. 28.

PRINTED by JOHN DIXON and WM. HUNTER, at the POST OFFICE.

ALL Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper at 12/6 a Year, and have Advertiſements (of a moderate Length) inſerted for 3/. the firſt Week, and 2/. each Week after.——Printing Work done at this Office in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition.

MAREDANT's
ANTISCORBUTIC DROPS,

By Mr. NORTON's Appointment,

Sold by DIXON and HUNTER, *Williamſburg*, at 9s. a bottle.

[None are genuine but what are ſigned by *John Norton*, in his own hand-writing, and in ſquare bottles, with the following inſcription on them, viz. *John Norton, only proprietor and author of Maredant's drops.*]

As a proof of the ſuperior efficacy of *Maredant's* drops (prepared by Mr. *Norton*, ſurgeon, of *Golden* ſquare, *London*) to any medicine hitherto known for the cure of the ſcurvy, leproſy, ulcers, the evil, fiſtula, piles, long continued inflammations of the eyes, and every other diſorder ariſing from a foulneſs in the blood, the following extraordinary cures are referred to.

A MOST EXTRAORDINARY CURE BY THE USE OF MAREDANT's DROPS.

To Mr. NORTON, *ſurgeon, in* Golden *ſquare*, London.

SIR, SEPTEMBER 26, 1771.

I TAKE this method of returning you my moſt ſincere thanks for the cure of my ſon, which was effected by your moſt excellent drops. Two years and a half ago, he had the ſmallpox; immediately after that, a moſt violent humour ſettled in both his hands, which were ſo bad that he entirely loſt the uſe of them; the bones were ſo much affected that two pieces ſeparated and came away. The humour in his hands was attended with almoſt as violent a one in his face, which formed an entire ſcab over the whole, and ſmelt intolerably: In ſhort, he was in ſo much miſery, and without hopes of recovery (as I had had the opinion of the moſt eminent without effect, who called it the King's Evil) that I deſpaired of his life. In gratitude for ſo extraordinary a cure, I have deſired this to be made public. Any perſon, by calling at my houſe, the *Talbot* inn, in the *Strand*, may be informed of every particular, and ſee the child.

CHARLES ASHLEY.

To Mr. NORTON, *ſurgeon, in* GOLDEN *ſquare*.

SIR,

ABOUT two years and a half ago, I was ſeized with a violent hoarſneſs and ſhortneſs of breath. I ſent for a phyſician, who ordered me to be bled: I alſo took a great many medicines, but grew worſe inſtead of better. My head ached ſo violently, that it prevented me getting any reſt; my face and head broke out in large blotches, which ſpread ſo much that I was in daily fear of loſing my eye-ſight. The humour which diſcharged from my face was ſo very offenſive, that I could hardly bear it myſelf; but by the uſe of your *Maredant's* drops, am effectually cured. Any perſon doubting of this, may be convinced of the truth, by calling on Mrs. *Copſon*, at *Brompton*; or by inquiring of Mr. *Orton*, coal merchant, in *Whitecomb* ſtreet, near *Leiceſter Fields*.

I am, with reſpect, Sir,
Your moſt humble ſervant,
MARY COPSON.

To Mr. NORTON, *ſurgeon*, Golden *ſquare*, London.

SIR, KILKENNY.

IF mankind in general were ready to communicate to the public the benefit they receive from remedies by which they have got relief, many perſons labouring under dreadful complaints, might be relieved at a ſmall expence.

My wiſhes for the general good of mankind, as well as my gratitude for the benefits I have received, have induced me to ſend you my caſe, which you would do well to make public.

About 25 years ago I was afflicted with a moſt violent ſcurvy in my arms, which afterwards broke out in my face, in large ulcers and blotches, ſpreading ſo faſt as to affect my eyes, accompanied with a loſt appetite, and pains in my back and breaſt during the ſaid term of twenty five years. I applied to ſeveral eminent phyſicians, and tried various medicines preſcribed by them, to little or no effect, which is well known to moſt of the inhabitants of the city of *Kilkenny*, where I have reſided for upwards of thirty years paſt. At length, on ſeeing Maredant's drops advertiſed by your correſpondent, *Edmund Finn*, printer, in *Kilkenny*, as being a powerful medicine for ſuch diſorders as mine, I was adviſed to try them, and accordingly bought four bottles, which I have taken, and have now the pleaſure to acquaint you that my appetite is quite reſtored, the ſcurf and pimples have gradually left my face, and all parts of my body; and I now, thank God, find myſelf perfectly cured, and my ſkin as clear as ever is was.

THOMAS HEWITT.

We certify the above caſe to be fact, *Anthony Blunt*, Mayor. *Luke Meagher*.

To Mr. NORTON, *ſurgeon*, GOLDEN *ſquare*, LONDON.

SIR,

AFTER having been afflicted with a moſt violent ſcorbutic humour of 13 years ſtanding, which rendered me incapable of buſineſs, I have the ſatisfaction to inform you, I am now perfectly cured, by the uſe of your *Maredant's* drops. You have my leave to publiſh this, hoping it may be the means of procuring benefit to others afflicted as I was.

Witneſſes to the above cure: I am, Sir,
FRANCIS LITBY, No. 3, *Finch* lane, *Cornhill*. Your humble ſervant,
Sarah Rand, trunk maker, No. 57, *St. Paul's* churchyard. GEORGE LANGDON.

The following cure authenticated by *James Cowper*, M. D.

To Mr. NORTON, *ſurgeon*, Golden *ſquare*.

SIR,

I HAVE here incloſed you my certificate of *Roderick Macdonald's* being cured, in all appearance, of that rank ſcorbutic eruption, which for many years paſt has conſtantly reſiſted the power of a variety of medicines (taken by him, to my certain knowledge) until it vaniſhed by the uſe of your Maredant's drops; for which he returns you his moſt grateful thanks; and, from motives of juſtice and humanity, as well as gratitude of your patient, you are at full liberty to make his caſe public, and my certificate of the cure. I am, Sir,

Your moſt obedient, and moſt humble ſervant,
John ſtreet, *Cavendiſh* ſquare, *January* 13, 1775. JAMES COWPER.

P. S. I have juſt now ſeen and examined the caſe of Mrs. *Mary Lute*, on whom I find you have performed, a moſt miraculous cure of three years ſtanding, of the ſcrophula, commonly known by the name of King's Evil. You muſt be very happy, when reflecting you have it in your power to give relief to ſo many ſuffering mortals, which ſuch extraordinary cures prove you have.

To Mr. NORTON, *ſurgeon*, Golden *ſquare*. London.

SIR,

AS I eſteem myſelf indebted to you (as a means in the hands of God) for health, I deſire you would accept my thanks. It is 30 years ſince I had the meaſles, and have ever ſince had a ſcorbutic diſorder, attended with bad digeſtion, an oppreſſion at my ſtomach, a pain in my bowels, with ſickneſs and fainting; violent eruption, a continual fever; great weakneſs of body, and rheumatick pains: Repeated colds had ſo increaſed my diſorder, that my conſtitution grew too weak to bear any kind of medicine, and I had nearly given up all hopes. Your drops (which I had been deſirous of trying ſome time before) were now my laſt reſource; when I had taken about a bottle and a half, it threw out the humour as big as a half crown on both ſides my neck, and was ſo ſharp, that it flea'd the ſkin off. I immediately perceived the fever and cough to abate, and the humour continued diſcharging itſelf ſeveral months in great quantities. I now could digeſt my food better, and was freed from the pains in my ſtomach and bowels, and my cough, which had been ſettled above a year, was entirely removed. I deferred writing, as I expected my old complaint would have returned with the winter, which has not been the caſe.

You are welcome to make what uſe of this you pleaſe, for the benefit of thoſe who labour under the like complaint.

I am, Sir, your moſt obliged humble ſervant,
School houſe, *Hanover* Street, *Long Acre*, *March* 31, 1775. ELIZABETH HADEN.

☞ Any perſon ſtill doubting of the efficacy of this medicine, may (by applying to Mr. *Norton*, ſurgeon, the weſt ſide of *Golden* ſquare, near *Piccadilly*, *London*, the only author and proprietor, where theſe drops are ſold in bottles at 6s. each) be fully convinced of their good effects by being referred to many people of credit, who have been cured of the leproſy, ſcurvy, ulcers, the evil, fiſtulas, piles, long continued inflammation of the eyes, and every other diſorder ariſing from a foulneſs in the blood. They may be taken in any ſeaſon, without the leaſt inconveniency or hindrance of buſineſs: They alſo perfect digeſtion, and amazingly create an appetite.

From the PUBLIC LEDGER.

To the KING.

HOW long, generous Sir, ſhall we, thy loving ſubjects, complain that thou haſt turned a deaf ear to our petitions? How long ſhall we deplore the loſs of thy affectionate regard? How long, with grief, muſt we behold thee, as it were, utterly eſtranged from all the ſincere friends and firm ſupporters of thine illuſtrious Houſe? How long, with ſurpriſe, muſt we view thee in the hands of thoſe who were inimical to thy predeceſſors, and ſtrove to diſpoſſeſs them of the crown of the realms?

Thou canſt not, O King, ſuppoſe thoſe men thy foes, who have riſked both their lives and fortunes to preſerve thy family on the Throne! Nor could we have thought it poſſible, had not fatal experience convinced us, that the friends of the Brunſwick line ſhould meet thy frowns, whilſt traitors to thy predeceſſors enjoy the ſunſhine of royal favour and munificence. Thy favours are thine own, and who ſhall ſay they ever are abuſed? Yet, may we not, in ſilent grief, deplore an infatuation ſo injurious to thy faithful people, ſo prejudicial to thine own intereſts? The riches of a King conſiſt in the affections of his people, nor can that Prince want aught who enjoys the love of his ſubjects.

Times, circumſtances, early habits, and the prejudices of education, ſtrangely bias the mind of man; nor are Kings exempt from common frailties: Yet, now that thy judgment is ripened into maturity, let not the baſe ſuggeſtions of thoſe who have, on every occaſion, ſhewn themſelves ſworn foes to thine auguſt Houſe, lead thee aſtray; they have made ſeveral unſucceſsful efforts to wreſt the Crown from the brow of thine anceſtors; they now profeſs themſelves warmly attached to thee. Let thy gratitude be evinced, but let not thy real friends be excluded from a ſhare in thy favours. Be aſſured that the perſons who infuſe into thy mind notions of abſolute ſway are thy moſt inveterate foes, and ſecretly wiſh thy ruin. Recollect, Sir, the various calamities which befel thoſe Princes who attempted deſpotic rule; call to mind that you owe your Crown to the defeat of ſuch attempts; forget not that the people of this country are an high ſpirited people; and though the Miniſtry may have ſpread corruption as a peſtilence through the land, yet the many, whom it is impoſſible from their numbers to corrupt, in times of public diſcontent, are what will always decide the difference. Suffer not yourſelf, Sir, to be deceived by imaginary expectation, nor give into views repugnant to the ideas of the people. Bad men, who with to exclude your family from the Throne, may adviſe tyranny, but your ſtudy ſhould be to eſtabliſh the Throne, and to reign in the hearts of your people.

The common mode of acting amongſt mankind ſhould never be adopted by Kings; their beneficence ſhould be diffuſive as their power (when founded on juſtice) is boundleſs. They ſhould ſhew no predilection for a choſen few; like the parents of a numerous offspring, all ſhould ſhare in common their bleſſings and protection. Liſten not, therefore, moſt gracious Prince, to thoſe who attempted to enflame your mind againſt your American ſubjects. Remember, that in the reigns of George I. and II. there ſcarcely was a man throughout the continent but what would have ſhed his blood in ſupport of your family's title to the Throne. Let then the loyalty of the fathers plead in favour of their children, nor drive into deſperation a people who deſerve more grateful treatment. Have ſome pity, if not on the Americans, at leaſt on the induſtrious poor of this kingdom. Recal the bloody doom denounced againſt trade and commerce. Deprive not the wretched Americans of gifts the God of nature hath beſtowed, nor permit your Miniſters to add exceſs of cruelty to exceſs of outrage.

The mode of executing the late unmerciful acts depends in a great meaſure on thee; it is in thy power to moderate the rigours of puniſhment; thou canſt mitigate calamities unworthy the King of a free people to inflict, and quite unworthy a free people to endure. Let not thy indulgence be ſolely confined to thy Popiſh ſubjects of Quebec; as thy ſuperabundant favour hath extended to them, ſo alleviate the miſeries thy proteſtant ſubjects are doomed to ſuffer. Let mercy beam with radiance from thy breaſt; thou haſt now an opportunity, which never King of Great Britain had before, that of manifeſting thyſelf the only commiſerating part of the legiſlature: For pity, alas, is not the characteriſtic of the other branches.

O King, never forget that it is in the mercy of the Almighty we place all our hopes of happineſs hereafter. Mercy is the darling attribute of Heaven; imitate then a perfection ſo divine, and be what God deſigned the diſtributor of univerſal happineſs; ſo ſhall thy days be many, and when hoary time ſhall have ripened thee for the grave, thou ſhalt ſleep in peace, then riſe to the fruition of celeſtial pleaſure.

That you may experience this is the ſincere and ardent wiſh of your only faithful ſubjects, THE WHIGS.

LONDON, *July* 4.

IF the not toaſting a Miniſtry (ſays a correſpondent) be a proof of it's being diſliked, this of all the adminiſtrations that ever was known, is the moſt unpopular. For (continues he) who gives Lord North, Lord Sandwich, or Lord Mansfield as his toaſt? No man; even the friends of the Miniſter are aſhamed to toaſt him, but when called upon, conſtantly give Lord Chatham, Lord Camden, Sir George Saville, or ſome other popular Gentlemen.

A correſpondent recommends it to Governor Hutchinſon to remember, that at the time Judas received the thirty pieces of ſilver, he was in fine ſpirits, and thought he ſhould have been greatly benefited by the money; but the period *ſoon* after followed, when *guilt and remorſe* overtook him, (too late to repair the injury done, and the anguiſh of his ſoul too great to be endured) when he went out and *hanged himſelf*.

The Premier's groupe of venal ſcribblers, who would as readily dip their pens in human blood as in ink, declaim againſt the Americans for not "as quietly ſubmitting to taxations as the people of England do," when it is notorious that no unconſtitutional or oppreſſive tax was ever yet "quietly" ſubmitted to in England; witneſs the cyder tax, enacted and repealed in Lord Bute's adminiſtration.

It was a cuſtom with the Romans after gaining any ſignal victory in defence of their liberties, to dedicate a temple to CONCORD. Have not the Americans a double right to ſuch a dedication?

Ireland is at this time ſaddled with penſions to the amount of 12,000l. per annum, which has been granted to different perſons who had governments in North America within theſe ten years.

Bets of two to one were made at the New York coffeehouſe, laſt night, that the famous ſpeech-maker, Col. G. will loſe his night-cap in North America; and if the Americans, in their turn, ſhould think of confiſcating the eſtates of thoſe who have been their avowed enemies, it is probable the Colonel will loſe his rice plantation at Florida.

We hear that Government is going to contract for mahogany beams for the ſervice of the navy, which are to be brought hither from the bay of Honduras at as cheap a rate as oak timber can be purchaſed among ourſelves; and it is of greater durability.

The little *black* Duke has *the blue devils* to the greateſt degree; *right honourable heads on temple bar* alarm him. On Tueſday he had Charles Fox and ſome other oppoſition Gentlemen to dine with him, but *it won't do*; a full retroſpect of his conduct will now be taken from the Middleſex election to the preſent criſis. Rogues falling together by the ears is the thing! In terror and diſmay they already hint and grin at each other. Peg Trentham, in the Houſe, ſaid he was ready to face the block in juſtification of his conduct; an event which may be nearer than apprehended. The pious Secretary may have compunction enough to ſend him to the Cloiſters for the remainder of his life. Mr. Hillſborough will not be forgot, his head deſerves a conſpicuous place among

the worthies. B——w's ſhould be taken up, and placed beſides the *Black* Duke's, facing weſtward. *The Small fry*, Mauduit, Knox, Hutchinſon, and others, ſhould have a gentle ride up Holbourn.

Anecdote of Mr. WHITFIELD.——When this celebrated genius was preaching at Tottenham Court, and deſpairing of a proper collection, he ſaid, "Let every one who refuſes to aid this charity, leave the place before I come down from the pulpit." The conſequence was, that not one of them ſtirred, and the begging box was filled.

Laſt week the crown glaſshouſe owners in the neighbourhood of Newcaſtle diſcharged a great part of their workmen, owing to the unfortunate differences with, and non-importation to America. Numbers of the iron manufacturers at Swalwell are out of employment, owing to the ſame cauſe.

The number of viſiting Quakers from Philadelphia, and other parts of America this ſeaſon, is by much ſmaller than for twenty years paſt, occaſioned by the preſent infractions on the continent.

Such is the univerſal ſpirit in America, againſt the preſent Miniſters and their meaſures, that even Philadelphia, where the greateſt temper and moderation have hitherto been ſhewn, the inhabitants are arming; they muſter every day, Sundays not excepted. In ſome wards of the city there are ſeven companies, of ſeventy men each; and in none of the wards leſs than three companies of the ſame number of men. The ſame ſpirit for arms and diſcipline prevails throughout the whole province. The Gentlemen of the province (Pennſylvania) are raiſing ſome troops of light horſe.

It is certain, that the charge of ſcalping the priſoners was ſuggeſted by Governor Hutchinſon. When he propoſed it, Jemmy Twitcher ſeconded him, ſaying, that it would be a good *take in*; for, that as the people of this country had heard of the Indians ſcalping priſoners, they would be fools enough to believe it was the practice with the Americans.

The attempting to compel the Americans by force of arms ſeems to be a project, to ſpeak of it in the mildeſt light, to be attended with great uncertainty; becauſe, if Government ſhould not ſucceed, they are without reſource; for conciliation failing, force remains; but force failing, no farther hope of reconciliation is left; for however a power and authority are ſometimes bought by kindneſs, they can never be begged as alms by an impoveriſhed and defeated violence.

An inſtance of wit in low life. A ſmith not far from Whitecroſs-ſtreet, having frequently pawned his hammers, vices, &c. at length his wife ſold them while he was getting drunk; on which a cobler ſaid, that "Dick—was now an *honeſt* fellow, for his wife had diſpoſed of his *vices*."

A perſon near Coventry, a few days ago in a hand-bill delivered about for diſcovering his wife, who had eloped from him, gives the following curious deſcription of her: "She is about five feet four inches and a half high, freſh coloured, brown hair, is full eyed, has a wart on her right breaſt, had on, when ſhe went away from her honeſt huſband, a dark flowered cotton gown, a white hat and ribands, a light brown ſhalloon quilt, leather pumps, and plated buckles, ſoft ſolder; has tight clean legs, and garters below knee."

We hear that the author of Muſical Travels through Germany imputes the advantages gained by the Boſtonians over the troops of General Gage to thoſe inſpiriting notes ſo generally known by the name of *Yanky Doodle*; and by no means wonders that the detachment headed by Lord Percy was unſucceſsful, conſidering that they marched to the tune of *Room for Cuckolds*.

Baron Wenzel, the famous oculiſt, being now arrived in this kingdom, it is to be hoped he will, for the ſervice of the ſtate, diſplay his excellent art in removing the pernicious film from a certain great perſon's eyes, who hath, to the infinite diſadvantage of the nation, been for many years *ſtone blind*

Nothing (ſays a correſpondent) can be more deſpicable than a Miniſter who is barely oſtenſible: Sir Robert Walpole, Pelham, and Pitt, acted for themſelves, but Lord North (ſays this writer) is ſuppoſed only to hatch thoſe eggs which are laid by the Thane's Secretary, Jenkinſon, and the reſt of the junto.

A letter from Madrid mentions an accidental diſcovery having been made, from which the greateſt commercial advantages are expected, as by recent letters from the Havannah there is advice, that a ſhip from the South Seas, having put into a part of the continent ſouth of Brazil, the watering people on ſhore found the land covered with ſaltpetre, ſpontaneouſly ſpread on the ſurface. Samples of it have been ſent over, which are found equal to the beſt imported from the Eaſt Indies.

Five frigates, viz. the Milford, Captain Braithwaite; the Solebay, Capt. Bellew; the Lizard, Capt. Hamilton; the Actæon, Capt. Atkins; and the Arethuſa, Capt. Moutry; are put into commiſſion by the Lords of the Admiralty, as were alſo the Hawke and Beaver ſloops.

Report ſays, there is now living at, or near, Fairford in Glouceſterſhire, a boy who is only eight years of age who is ſix feet ſix inches high, but ſo helpleſs, that if he tumbles down, he is not able to riſe again.

An honeſt Teague ſaid, the other day, "England had got the ſow by the wrong ear, for the colony boar would neither lead nor drive."

Lord North appeared at Ranelagh the other day with his hair about his ears, as if he had been frightened with the laſt American news.

Laſt week a head, apparently that of a monſter, brought from China, was preſented to the Royal Society; but, Oh grief of griefs! a ſkilful ſurgeon having ſince examined it, it was found to be only a large Cocoa Nut, with the ſkin of an ox's head very artificially drawn over it.

The following converſation paſſed at St. James's on the ſheriffs waiting upon his Majeſty (agreeable to order) to know when he would be pleaſed to receive the city addreſs, remonſtrance, and petition.—

Mr. Sheriff Plomer:

"May it pleaſe your Majeſty, we are ordered by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Livery of the city of London, in Common Hall aſſembled, to wait on your Majeſty, humbly to know your Majeſty's royal will and pleaſure when your Majeſty will be pleaſed to receive on the Throne, their humbly addreſs, remonſtrance, and petition."—Anſwer.—"You will pleaſe to take notice, that I will receive their addreſs, remonſtrance, and petition on Friday next at the Levee."—Sheriff Plomer.—"Your Majeſty will be pleaſed to permit us to inform you, that the Livery in Common Hall aſſembled, have reſolved not to preſent their addreſs, remonſtrance, and petition, unleſs your Majeſty will be pleaſed to receive it ſitting on the Throne.—Anſwer.—"I am ready to receive addreſſes and petitions, but I am the judge where."

Extract of a letter from PLYMOUTH, *June* 25

"Friday night an expreſs arrived at the victualling office here to ſet another oven at work to bake fourteen ſuits a day (a ſuit an hundred weight) for the ſervice in America, as all their ſupplies muſt come from England."

Orders are ſent to Falmouth for a large quantity of biſcuit to be baked immediately, for the uſe of the troops under the command of General Gage at Boſton.

According to the opinion of thoſe converſant in city politics, the patriotic party as they are called, are more embarraſſed with his Majeſty's anſwer, as delivered on Wedneſday laſt, than they have been by all their former proceedings in the walk of petitioning, remonſtrating, &c.

A few days ago four frigates ſailed from Plymouth: Their ſtations are as follow; one off Cadiz; another between the rock of Liſbon and ſtreights of Gibraltar; one off Cape Finiſterre; and the fourth off the Groyne.

Thirty thouſand muſkets, bayonets, and cartouch boxes, are contracted for in London, which are to be ſent to Liſbon immediately.

A remonſtrance has been received this week from the States General, ſaid to be on account of two Dutch merchant ſhips being detained at New York by one of our men of war. It ſeems they had firelocks and ammunition on board, ſuppoſed for the Americans.

They write from Toulon, that, five men (foreigners) have been committed to priſon, charged with attempting to ſet fire to the dockyard at that port.

Draughts from the different regiments of foot in Ireland are daily arriving in Cork, in order to embark for America.

Britain beats Spain; America and Britain beat France; America alone beats Britain; Broughton beat Taylor; Taylor beat Slack; Slack beat Broughton; good lack! good lack!

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble ADDRESS, REMONSTRANCE, and PETITION of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Livery of London.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt faithful ſubjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Livery, &c. of London, in Common Hall aſſembled, are compelled again to diſturb your Majeſty's repoſe, with our complaints.

We have already expreſſed to your Majeſty our abhorrence of the tyrannical meaſures purſued againſt our fellow ſubjects in America, as well as of the men who ſecretly adviſe, and of the Miniſters who execute theſe meaſures.

We deſire to repeat again, that the power contened for over the colonies, under the ſpecious name of dignity, is to all intents and purpoſes, deſpotiſm; and that the exerciſe of deſpotic power, in any part of the empire, is inconſiſtent with the character and ſafety of this country.

As we would not ſuffer any man, or body of men, to eſtabliſh arbitrary power over us, we cannot acquieſce in any attempt to force it upon any part of our fellow ſubjects; we are perſuaded that by the ſacred unalterable rights of human nature, as well as by every principle of the conſtitution, the Americans ought to enjoy peace, liberty, and ſafety, that whatever power invades theſe rights ought to be reſiſted; we hold ſuch reſiſtance, in vindication of their conſtitutional rights, to be their indiſpenſable duty to God, from whom thoſe rights are derived to themſelves, who cannot be ſafe and happy without them; to their poſterity, who have a right to claim this inheritance at their hands unviolated and unimpaired.

We have already remonſtrated to your Majeſty that theſe meaſures were big with all the conſequences which could alarm a free and commercial people; a deep, and perhaps fatal wound to commerce; the ruin of manufactures, be diminution of the revenue, and conſequent increaſe of taxes, the alienation of the colonies, and the blood of your Majeſty's ſubjects.

Unhappily, Sire, the worſt of theſe apprehenions is now realized in all it's horrour: We have ſeen with equal dread and concern, a civil war commenced in America, by your Majeſty's Commander in Chief: Will your Majeſty be pleaſed to conſider what muſt be the ſituation of your people here, who have nothing now to expect from America; but gazettes of blood, and mutual liſts of their ſlaughtered fellow ſubjects.

Every moment's proſecution of this fatal war may looſen irreparably the bonds of that connection, on which the glory and ſafety of the Britiſh empire depend.

If any thing could add to the alarm of theſe events, it is your Majeſty's having declared your confidence in the wiſdom of men, a majority of whom are notoriouſly bribed to betray their conſtituents and their country. It is the misfortune of your Majeſty; it is the misfortune and grief of your people, to have a grand council, and a repreſentative, under an undue and dangerous influence; an influence which though procured by your Miniſters, is dangerous to your Majeſty, by deceiving you; and to your people by betraying them.

In ſuch a ſituation, your petioners are bound to declare to your Majeſty, that they cannot and will not ſit unconcerned; they will exert themſelves, at every hazard, to bring thoſe who have adviſed theſe ruinous meaſures to the juſtice of this country and of the much injured colonies.

We have already ſignified our perſuaſion that theſe evils originate in the ſecret advice of thoſe, who are equally enemies to your Majeſty's title, and to the rights of your people. Your petitioners are now compelled to ſay, that your Throne is ſurrounded by men avowedly inimical to thoſe principles on which your Majeſty poſſeſſes the Crown, and this people their liberties: At a time of ſuch difficulty and danger, public confidence is eſſential to your Majeſty's repoſe, and to the preſervation of your people: Such confidence cannot be obtained by Miniſters and adviſers who want wiſdom, and hold principles incompatible with freedom; nor can any hope of relief be expected from a Parliament, choſen under a national deluſion, inſidiouſly raiſed, by miſrepreſentations touching the true ſtate of America, and artfully embraced by a precipitate diſſolution.

Your petitioners therefore again pray, and beſeech your Majeſty to diſmiſs your preſent Miniſters and adviſers from your perſon and council forever; to diſſolve a Parliament, who, by various acts of cruelty and injuſtice, have manifeſted a ſpirit of perſecution againſt our brethren in America, and given their ſanction to popery and arbitrary power; to put your future confidence in Miniſters, whoſe known and unſhaken attachment to the conſtitution, joined to your wiſdom and integrity, may enable your Majeſty to ſettle this alarming diſpute upon the ſure, honourable, and laſting foundations of general liberty.

And a motion being made, and queſtion put, to agree to the ſaid addreſs, remonſtrance, and petition, the ſame was reſolved in the affirmative. Signed by order,

R I X.

WHITEHAVEN, *July* 6. An Iriſhman who came lately from Kendal over Hardknot and Wrynoſe, was complaining the other day of the badneſs of that road; "but (continued he) it will ſoon be better, for I ſaw a great many people at work repairing it, lying faſt aſleep at their dinners."

CAMBRIDGE, *Auguſt* 27.

HIS Exellency General WASHINGTON has been pleaſed to make the following promotions, viz. Major Thomas Mifflin, of Philadelphia, to be Quarter Maſter General of the American army.

John Parke, Eſq; of Philadelphia, aſſiſtant Quarter Maſter General.

John Trumbull, Eſq; of Connecticut, Major of Brigade.

Richard Cary, Eſq; of Maryland, Major of Brigade.

Edmund Randolph, Eſq; and Capt. George Baylor, both of Virginia, to be his Aids de Camp, vice Majors Mifflin and Trumbull, promoted.

The following perfidious advertiſement (though of ſo early a date) we have but juſt received, and ſhall inſert it verbatim, leaving it for the reader to make his own comment.

By the GOVERNOR.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, notwithſtading the repeated aſſurances of the Seleſtmen and others, that all the inhabitants of the town of Boſton had *bona fide* delivered their fire-arms under the perſons appointed to receive them, though I had advices at the ſame time of the contrary: and whereas I have ſince had full proof that many have been perfidious in this reſpect, and have ſecreted great numbers:

I HAVE thought fit to iſſue this proclamation, to require of all perſons who have yet fire-arms in their poſſeſſion, immediately to ſurrender them at the courthouſe, to ſuch perſons as ſhall be authoriſed to receive them; and hereby to declare that all perſons in whoſe poſſeſſion any fire-arms may hereafter be found, will be deemed enemies to his Majeſty's government.

GIVEN at Boſton, the 19th day of June, 1775, in the 15th year of the reign of our ſovereign Lord, George III. *by the grace of GOD, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the Faith, &c.*

THOMAS GAGE.

By his Excellency's command, THO'S FLUCKER, *Sec'ry.*

Auguſt 31. The Hon. Council of this colony have been pleaſed to appoint the Hon. Samuel Adams, Eſq; Secretary, and Perez Morton, Eſq; Deputy Secretary for this colony.

Friday laſt the General Aſſembly of this colony adjourned to Wedneſday the 20th of September next.

WATERTOWN, *Sept.* 4. The following ACTS paſſed the General Aſſembly of this colony in their late ſeſſion, viz.

An Act to confirm and eſtabliſhed the reſolves of the ſeveral Provincial Congreſſes of this colony.

An Act for making and emitting of bills of public credit.

An Act declaratory of the right of certain towns and diſtricts in the colony of the Maſſachuſetts Bay, in New England, to elect and depute a repreſentative or repreſentatives to ſerve for, or repreſent them in any Great and General Court or Aſſembly, at any time to be held, and kept for the ſervice of ſaid colony.

An Act for removing from their reſpective officers and places, all the officers, both civil and military, belonging to this colony, of holding or claiming to hold their reſpective offices or places, by or under any nomination, appointment, or commiſſion, made or granted by any Governor or Lieutenant Governor of the province of the Maſſachuſetts Bay, in New England, either with or without the audience and conſent of the Council, or aſſiſtance of the ſaid province, or by the major part of the Council or aſſiſtants of ſaid province, in the abſence of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor, before the perfect meeting of this General Court.

An Act preſcribing the form of an oath to be taken by all commiſſion officers both civil and military, who have been commiſſionated for this colony, ſince the 19th day of July laſt, or may be hereafter commiſſionated, until the further order of the Great and General Court.

NEWPORT, *Sept.* 4. A ſloop was lately carried into Boſton, with live ſtock from connecticut, which was taken by a cruiſer, which veſſel and cargo was condemned in Boſton as forfeited; the Captain of which left Boſton laſt Tueſday, and informs, that ten regulars were carried into Boſton dead, the Sunday before, who had been killed by the riſle-men belonging to the American army, on Saturday night, the 26th of laſt month; that it was very ſickly among the inhabitants and the miniſterial troops; and that there were but about 2000 regulars in Boſton, fit for duty, and the ſame number at Bunker's hill.

WORCESTER, *Aug.* 30. Our laſt advices from the camp mention, that the enemy abated their fire on Monday, at the detachment of our army at Plowed Hill, who continued buſy with their work—that the chief firing on that day was from a floating batteries in Myſtick river, by which another of our army, who was ſtanding on the works, was killed.—When our advice came away, it rained very hard, which ſtill continues with little intermiſſion, ſo that we conclude but little has been done to annoy either ſide.

We are informed that the continental troops, ſunk one of the enemie's floating batteries, and damaged another on Sunday laſt.

On Friday laſt three deſerters from the enemy at Bunker's Hill, came over to our people at Cheliea; they ſtripped off their cloaths at the foot of Bunker's Hill with a pretence of waſhing in the river, and ſwam to the oppoſite ſhore; they were briſkly fired at by the enemy but without effect.

NEW YORK, *Sept.* 4.

SINCE our laſt Capt. Goforth and his company, and Capt. John Lamb's company of artillery, embarked for Albany, to join our army under General Schuyler, at Ticonderoga.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman at ALBANY, *Sept.* 2.

"By an expreſs arrived laſt evening, we hear there has been a ſkirmiſh near St. John's, between a reconnoitering party of our men; in a boat, and a boat of regulars, Canadians, and Indians. The General's letter on the occaſion mentions, that the Captain of our party was killed (one Baker) and a number of the Whites, and two Indians of the enemy were ſlain; that General Montgomery, with 1200 men, ſet off the firſt of the week for St. John's and were to muſter on the Iſle of Noe, until joined by General Schuyler, who, with about as many more men, has by this time arrived, ſo that within a very few days it is poſſible the blow will be ſtruck, which ſhall determine the fate of three provinces; and here I muſt wait an idle liſtner to news, merely becauſe hard neceſſity ties me down, as our men cannot yet march for the want of their campaign equipage."

Sept. 7. Since our laſt ſeveral veſſels with proviſions, &c. have been ſtopped and detained by the man of war, who put his own price upon whatever he thought proper to take; on the other hand, ſeveral veſſels which had been on board the man of war, have been ſeized by our people, the men examined; ſome were diſcharged, others confined, and the veſſels deſtroyed. Twelve perſons from one veſſel were confined and ſtill remain ſo.

Extract of a letter from BERMUDA, *Auguſt* 21.

"Upwards of 100 barrels of gunpowder have been taken out of our magazine; ſuppoſed by a ſloop from Philadelphia, and a ſchooner from South Carolina. It was very eaſily accompliſhed, from the magazine being ſituated far diſtant from town, and no dwelling-houſe near it."

PHILADELPHIA, *Sept.* 6.

YESTERDAY arrived here the Hon. JOHN HANCOCK, Eſq; and LADY, from Connecticut; and the Hon. PEYTON RANDOLPH, Eſq; and LADY, from Virginia.

The ſame day arrived here ſeveral other of the DELEGATES from the ſouthward to attend the Congreſs.

Yeſterday the Hon. CONTINENTAL CONGRESS met agreeable to adjournment.

NORFOLK, *September* 20.

WE are informed from good authority that a ſyſtem of juſtice ſimilar to that adopted againſt the devoted town of Boſton, is likely to be eſtabliſhed in this colony, by the renowned Commodore of the Virginia fleet. He has, in the courſe of this week, as a reprifal for the lots of his tender, ſeized every veſſel belonging to Hampton that came within his reach, and thereby rendered himſelf the terror of all the ſmall craft and fiſhing boats in this river; eſpecially the latter, having brought ſome of them under his ſtern, by a diſcharge of his cannon at them. He has likewiſe ſeized a veſſel belonging to the Eaſtern Shore, and having honoured the paſſengers ſo far with his notice, as to receive them on board his own veſſel, took the liberty of ſending one of their horſes as a preſent to L—d Dunmore. This act of GENEROSITY we doubt not will gain him conſiderable intereſt with his Lordſhip, it being an inſtance of his induſtry in diſtreſſing a people who have of late become ſo obnoxious to his excellency for their ſpirited behaviour. We hope that thoſe who have lived under and enjoyed the bleſſings of the Britiſh conſtitution, will not continue laſe ſpectators of ſuch flagrant violations of it's moſt ſalutary laws in defence of private property. The crimes daily committed by this plunderer we would not willingly brand with the

odious name of piracy, but we are confident they come under those offences to which the English laws have denied the benefit of clergy.

We are just informed that he sent, some days ago, a message to the inhabitants of Hampton, with a proposal that if they would return the stores, &c. taken on board the tender, he would molest them no longer, but retire peaceably to his old station. This proposition being taken under consideration by the principal inhabitants, an answer was returned promising a compliance with the Captain's request, provided he would deliver up a negro slave belonging to Mr. Henry King, who has long acted as a pilot to the Otter; but this the honest Captain, as well on account of the fellow's knowledge of the rivers as his singular ATTACHMENT AND LOYALTY to his sovereign, and refused after damning the IMPUDENCE of these people in demanding his Ethiopian director, swore he would make them no other reply than what his cannon could give them; accordingly he has taken his station between the two bars to be more convenient for the business.

By a letter from Alicant, dated July 28, 1775, we learn that there had been an engagement between the Spaniards and Algerines, and that the latter had gained the victory. The most material circumstances of this battle are, that the Spanish fleet anchored in a bay near Algiers, and having landed 18,000 of their men, under cover of two 70 gun ships were preparing to march up to the city, when the Moors and Algerines having posted themselves on a rising ground, grown up thick with bushes, began a heavy fire upon the Spaniards, and killed 7000 of them without being in the least exposed to their shot. Night coming on gave the Spaniards an opportunity of reimbarking without any further loss; otherwise they must have been totally cut off. The Algerines behaved with their usual *humanity*, mangling and burning the bodies of the dying and the dead; the Spaniards however, not daunted by such horrid barbarity, are preparing to attack them a second time under the famous O'Rielly, and it is to be hoped they will be able to give a good account of that nest of pirates.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 23.

THE Mercury man of war is sailed under the command of Lieutedant Graham of the Admiral's ship, having on board Capt. Macartney under arrest, to be conducted to Boston, and tried by court-martial. What the charge is against him we have not been able to learn.

It is said the Kingfisher remains at Norfolk, and the Otter lies off Newport News. We hear they make a practice of stopping passage boats, &c. take the people on board, put them in irons, and otherwise insult and abuse them before they are suffered to depart.——One hundred volunteers from the camp are stationed at Hampton to watch the motions of the tenders, and prevent their committing any outrages at or near that place.

Thursday last arrived here PATRICK HENRY, Esq; Commander in Chief of the Virginia forces. He was met and escorted to town by the whole body of volunteers, who paid him every mark of respect and distinction in their power, in testimony of their approbation of so worthy a Gentleman to the appointment of that important trust, which the Convention has been pleased to repose in him.

The number of regulars with Lord Dunmore, which lately composed the garrison of St. Augustine (being part of the 14th regiment, under command of Lieutenant Colonel William Dalrymple) does not exceed 80 effective men; the other part we have reason to believe is at Boston, where, in all probability, their assistance is, or will be, so absolutely requisite, that we need not be under any apprehension *they* will be sent to this colony.

ARRIVED, at Glasgow, from Virginia, the Anne, Pollock, Venus, Wilson, Fanny, Robertson, and Rainbow, Gordon.

The account of the taking of Ticonderoga, with the fire at Boston, and the other accounts to the 25th of May, were arrived in London the 27th of June.

NORTH CAROLINA, NORTHAMPTON *County.*

AT a meeting of the commitee for the county aforesaid, the 5th day of August, 1775, the Rev. Mr. Charles Edward Taylor Chairman: This committee taking into their consideration the clandestine manner of Anthony Warwick's conveying powder from Virginia to Hillsborough, and also examining Witnesses and papers relative thereto, do

Resolve, that the said Anthony Warwick has violated the association in a flagrant manner, and shewed himself in the highest degree an enemy to the rights and liberties of America; and the committee do consider him as an object to be held in the utmost detestation by all lovers of American freedom.

Ordered, that the Clerk of this committee do transmit a copy of the above resolves to Dixon and Hunter, to be published in their gazette. EATON HAYNES, Clk. Com.

SIR, HAMPTON, *Sept.* 16, 1775.

YOUR's of the 10th instant, directed to the committee of the town of Hampton, reciting, "that a sloop tender on his Majesty's service was on the 2d instant cast on shore near this place, having on board some of the King's stores, which you say were seized by the inhabitants, and demanding an immediate return of the same, or that the people of Hampton must answer the consequences of such outrage," was this day laid before them; who, knowing the above recital to be injurious and untrue, think proper here to mention the facts relative this matter: The sloop, we apprehend, was not in his Majesty's service, as we are well assured that you were on a pillaging or pleasuring party; and although it gives us pain to use indelicate expressions, yet the treatment received from you calls for a state of the facts in the simple language of truth, however harsh it may sound. To your own heart we appeal for the candour with which we have stated them; to that heart which drove you into the woods in the most tempestuous weather, in one of the darkest nights, to avoid the much injured and innocent inhabitants of this county, who had never threatened or ill used *you*; and who would, at that time, have received you, we are assured, with humanity and civility, had you made yourself and situation known to them. Neither the vessel or stores were seized by the inhabitants of Hampton; the gunner, one Mr. Gray, and the pilot, one Mr. Ruth, who were employed by you on this party, are men, we hope, who will still assert the truth. From them divers of our members were informed, that the vessel and stores, together with a good seine (which you, without cause, so hastily deserted) were given up as irrecoverably lost, by the officers and some of the proprietors, to one Finn, near whose house you were drove on shore, as a reward, for his entertaining you, &c. with respect and decency.

The threats of a person whose conduct hath evinced that he was not only capable, but desirous, of doing us, in our then defenceless state, the greatest injustice, we confess, were somewhat alarming; but, with the greatest pleasure, we can inform you, our apprehensions are now removed.

Although we know we cannot legally be called to account for that which you are pleased to style an outrage, and notwithstanding we have hitherto by you been treated with iniquity, we will, as far as in our power lies, do you right upon just and equitable terms.

First. We, on behalf of this community, require from you the restitution of a certain *Joseph Harris*, the property of a Gentleman of our town, and all other our slaves whom you may have on board; which said Harris as well as other slaves, hath been long harboured, and often employed, with your knowledge (as appeared to us by the confession of Ruth and others, and as is well known to all your men) in pillaging us, under cover of night, of our sheep and other live stock.

Secondly. We require that you will send on shore all boats, with their hands, and every other thing you have detained on this occasion.

And lastly. That you shall not, by your own arbitrary authority, undertake to insult, molest, interrupt, or detain, the persons or property of any one passing to and from this town, as you have frequently done for some time past.

Upon complying with those requisitions, we will endeavour to procure every article left on our shore, and shall be ready to deliver them to your pilot and gunner, of whose good behaviour we have had some proofs.

We are, &c.

The committee of Elizabeth City county, and town of Hampton.

To Matthew Squire, Esq; commander of his Majesty ship the Otter, lying in Hampton road.

At a meeting of the committee of ELIZABETH CITY *County, and town of* HAMPTON, *September* 16, 1775.

Resolved unanimously, THAT the most hearty thanks of this committee, and all those whom they represent, are justly due to Major JAMES INNES, the other Gentlemen officers, and to the several volunteer companies now under their command, for so expeditiously and cheerfully marching to our assistance and defence on the alarm occasioned by the threats and several insolent letters of a certain *Matthew Squire*, commander of his Majesty's ship the Otter; and that this committee, for themselves and constituents, do accordingly present their most hearty and cordial thanks to the said very worthy Gentlemen and their companies.

WILLIAM R. W. CURLE, Chairman.

To Messr. DIXON & HUNTER.

Gentlemen, *Fredericksburg, Sept.* 7, 1775.

The following is the production of a young Lady of this *town* (Miss L. D) *on the marriage of Mr.* L. W. *to Mrs.* A. C. *a Gentleman and Lady of distinguished abilities, character, and deportment:* "*I think the most amiable couple within my notice.*" *If you think it deserves a place in your gazette (as it may probably divert your readers to explain it, and give no offence, for I assure you I intend none) you will please to do so, and oblige a constant reader.*

Applied to Mrs. M. C. *a daughter of Mr.* L. W.

MY husband's my uncle, my father's my brother;
I also am sister unto my own mother.
I'm sister and aunt to a brother call'd *John*,
To whom wit and good nature combin'd doth belong:
"This paradox, strange as it may be to you,
"Any day that you please I can prove to be true."

N. B. *The marriage is lawful.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT a Meeting of the COMMISSIONERS, appointed by the CONVENTION, for superintending the Manufactory of all Arms, at *Fredericksburg*, on *Wednesday* the 13th of *September*, 1775, the Commissioners intend to meet on the 10th Day of *October* next, at *Fredericksburg*, for the Purpose of engaging a further Number of Gunsmiths, and other Artists, capable of managing that Business in it's various Branches. All Persons who are willing to enter into the Service for a Year at the least, and can come well recommended for Skill and Sobriety, are desired to attend; if agreed with, they will have good Encouragement, according to their Merit, and all events be paid for their Attendance and travelling. Good Lock-Smiths are much wanting. 2 THE COMMISSIONERS.

PETERSBURG, *Sept.* 16, 1775.

LOST in the Camp at *Williamsburg*, in the Month of *July* last, a small MUSKET, or FUSEE, fixed for a Bayonet, some Part of the Barrel inscribed "*Dunwiddie* County," and numbered on some Part of the Mounting, which is Brass, "7." Whoever will give the Subscriber such Information, by Letter or otherwise, of the said Musket, that he may regain it, will oblige him very much, and shall be gratefully paid any reasonable Recompence, if required.

2 ROBERT SKIPWITH.

Messr. DIXON & HUNTER,

Please to insert the following in you News-paper, Gentlemen, &c. my Countrymen, Virginians.

THE Subscriber, in 35 Years Study and Practice, upon my own Body, Limbs, and Joints, have found out a sure, certain, and never-failing Method as yet found to cure the rheumatical Pains and Gout, and all Sorts of Pains, Swellings, and Soreness in human Flesh, none excepted. Gentlemen, I do not apply to the Apothecaries Shops for any of my Means, I compact my own Means myself. The Produce of *Virginia* Earth, with a few Trifles besides, supports my Body, and the Bodies of my large family, and many others besides, without bleeding, sweating, physicking, or Bitters. If any person or Persons should apply to me for the Gout, I will tell you that you may eat, and drink as much strong Liquor as you please, and not have any Thing to take inwardly. I will maintain the Cure to be effectual, and you shall have it no more in the Place I undertook to cure, and your Joints and Sinews shall be stronger than they used to be.

Isle of Wight County, near the *Bay Warehouse*, I live } 1‖ JAMES DIRING.

WESTOVER, *Sept.* 19, 1775.

IN *July* last, the High Sheriff of *Charles City*, advertised two Negroes, MICHAEL and AARON, late my Property, who broke Gaol and escaped whilst under Sentence of Death. As I know they are daring and dangerous Villains, capable of attempting the most horrid Crimes, I hereby promise a Reward of three Pounds for each, to be paid on their being returned to the Gaol of *Charles City*. *Michael* is a Ditcher by Trade, a handsome black Fellow about 30 Years old, under the middle Size, he is very artful, and speaks fluently. *Aaron* is a Blacksmith by Trade, of a yellow Complexion, near 20 Years old, six Feet high, well made, has a down Look, and remarkable long fore Teeth. I am informed their Haunts are in *Prince George*, *Charles City*, *New Kent*, and *Hanover*.

WILLIAM BYRD.

BEDFORD, *August* 15, 1775.

WHEREAS my Wife *Anne* hath left me, without any just Cause for so doing, and as she may perhaps endeavour to run me in Debt, and effect my Ruin, these are to forewarn all Persons from harbouring or trusting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no Debts of her contracting from this Date. 1‖ RICHARD BALLARD, Sen.

YORK TOWN, *September* 19, 1775.

RUN away from Col. *Philip Rootes*, of *King* and *Queen*, a Negro Man named HARRY, who was some Years ago mortgaged to the Hon. *William Nelson*. It is with good reason suspected that he is lurking about *West Point*, and that he is harboured by some of Col. *Thomas Moore*'s Negroes. Whoever secures and delivers the said Negro, either to Col. *Rootes* or to one of us, shall receive 40s. Reward.

tf THE EXECUTORS.

EVERY MAN HIS OWN DOCTOR,

Particularly in a certain Disorder, be their Case ever so deplorable,

BY THE USE OF

Dr. KEYSRR's celebrated PILLS.

THAT all Persons suffering under any Degree of the Veneral Disorder may be encouraged to use the Means for their Recovery, which have hitherto been successful beyond all other Inventions of human Subtlety, some Particulars relative to them are now laid before the Public.

The Patient is most effectually cured without any inconvenience to himself, or being exposed to the Shame or Confusion of his Disaster being known to the nicest Observer. When he is condemned to a torturing Salivation, he finds himself blessed in a reprieve by substituting this Medicine, and it has ever been found a certain Cure after the noisome and excruciating Torments of filthy Salivations have failed.

His Majesty ordered the most rigid and nicest Examination, by twenty seven of the principal Physicians and Surgeons, to be made, not only immediately upon the Persons having been treated with the Medicine, but even for the Space of two Years afterwards, to see if the cures of all the numerous Patients were durable; when, to the eternal Honour of Dr. *Keyser*, there was not found a single Instance of Failure.

This occasioned the King to establish a Hospital, where these Pills alone are administered, and from whence seven Thousand Soldiers have been in a short Time dismissed, perfectly restored to health. His Majesty, in Reward for such important Services to Mankind, has settled an Annuity of seven Hundred and fifty Pounds upon the ingenious Inventor.

The Cures are attested by the Duke of *Bedford* and Lord *Ligonier* in *England*, and the Dukes of *Niverneis*, *Choiseul*, an *Prasin*, in *France*.

The Gentlemen of the Faculty in *Europe*, after the most convincing proofs in Favour of the Medicine, gratefully contributed to establish the Reputations of Dr. *Keyser*'s Pills; having pronounced the Use of them superior in Efficacy, to all the Modes of Practice hitherto discovered.

They have perfectly restored Persons afflicted with dropsical Disorders, the Gravel, Palsey, Apoplexy, White Swellings, Stiff Joints, and the Asthma; and several Negroes from the *West Indies* have been cured of that Disorder, hitherto almost insuperable to Medicine, called the Yaws.

In the Rheumatism they have effected astonishing Cures, even in the most obstinate Stages of it, in many Parts of the Country.

☞ *They are sold by the Printers of this Paper, who have got a fresh Parcel lately from* PARIS, *in Boxes of* 10s. 20s. *and* 40s. *each.*

TO BE SOLD,

To the highest Bidder, on FRIDAY *the 29th Instant, at the Plantation where Mr.* PRICE STANHOPE, *deceased, formerly lived, on* YORK *River, in* JAMES CITY *County,*

ALL the HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, PLANTATION UTENSILS, *&c.* also the Stock of CATTLE, HORSES, SHEEP, and HOGS. Amongst the Cattle are some fine BEAVES. Twelve Months Credit will be allowed the Purchasers for all Sums above thirty Shillings, on giving Bond, with approved Security, to

JOSEPH HORNSBY, Adm.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the said Estate are desired to make immediate Payment, and all those who have Accounts against the said Estate are desired to bring them in properly proved.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 19, 1775.

Five Pounds Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber, in *Berkeley* County, *Virginia*, the 8th Instant *(September)* two *Irish* Servant Men, *viz.* RICHARD DULANCY, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high, had on, when he went way, a gray Mixture Broadcloth Coat trimmed with black, one Pair of black Net Breeches, one fine Shirt, one Pair of Worsted and one Pair of Thread Stockings half worn, and an *English* Made hat cut in the Fashion. He is a well set Fellow, a Carver and Gilder by Trade, the middle Finger of his left Hand crooked, has a Scar on his left Eye, but not percivable when his Hat is on, and his Hair cut short, all to a little behind.——JOHN MURRAY, about 5 Feet 10 or 11 Inches high, 21 or 22 Years of Age, had on, and took with him when he went away, a lightish coloured Wilton Coat, a coarse Shirt, a Pair of Nankeen Breeches, one Pair of Thread Stockings, a Pair of course Shoes, and a Felt Hat, with a Piece sewed on the Cown. He is a raw-boned Fellow of a swarthy Complexion, stoops as he walks, is a Stocking-Weaver by Trade. They took with them a BLACK MARE about 14 Hands high, with a Star in her Forehead, branded R S, and a natural Pace; also a DARK BROWN HORSE about 13½ Hands high, branded as the other. They have likewise taken with them a blue Huffar Cloak, with Plated Buttons, two Saddles and Bridles, together with a Pair of Saddle Bags. Whoever secures said Servants, and lodges them in any Gaol, so as the Owner may have them again, shall receive the above Reward, or in proportion for either, and be allowed reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

2‖ MARCUS STEPHENSON.

RUN away from the Subscriber, in *Botetourt* County, a Mulatto Man named PLIM, about 23 Years of Age. Being detected in a Theft, he ran off from his Work, having on only a Pair of Cotton Breeches, a coarse Shirt, and a Hat. He is remarkably thick, strong made, and about 5 Feet 6 Inches high. He frequently waited on me on Journies, and is well acquainted in *Williamsburg*, to which Place, or *Carolina*, I think he will make. Whoever takes up the said Slave, and secures him so that I get him again, shall be handsomely rewarded, according to the Distance, Trouble, and Expence.

ANDREW LEWIS.

☞ It is probable there is a white Servant with him, belonging to Mr. *John Neely*, who writes a good Hand, and may forge a Pass.

COMMITTED to the Gaol of *Henrico*, a Negro Man who says his Name is DICK, and belongs to Mr. *Carter Harrison* of *Cumberland* County. He is about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, has on a white Negro Cotton Jacket, and Osnabrug Trousers. The Owner is desired to prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away.

‖ MARY LINDSAY.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover* County, near *Bull Field*, a LIGHT BLACK HORSE, 4 Feet 6 Inches high, at least 14 Years old, shod before, paces slow, canters awkwardly, has a Switch Tail, a gray Forehead, and some gray Hairs on the Outside of her right Ear, near the Bottom of it. Posted, and appraid to 8l.

‖ JOHN CHICK.

TAKEN up, in *Amelia*, near the Fork of *Nottoway*, a BLACK MARE about 4 Feet 6 Inches high, 5 Years old last Spring, has a few white Hairs in her Face, her hind Feet white, and branded on the near Buttock B. Posted, and appraised to 12l. ‖ JAMES GUNN.

POETS CORNER.

Written June 4, 1775.

PROPITIOUS us'd to riſe the morn
On which Britannia's Prince was born;
Cheerful the light wing'd moments flew
Sacred to all that's great, and good, and true.

But ah! how chang'd the feſtal ſcene!
The nymphs no longer trip the green;
The ſwains no more the roundelay prepare,
But weep in ſilence o'er MATILDA's bier.

Nor is this all—on diſtant ſhores
War all her direſt horrors pours:
Our friends, our brothers, ſtrew the ſtrand,
Slain by the friendly, the fraternal hand.

Father of mercies! hear our pray'r,
And teach, Oh teach the art to ſpare:
So, when again we view this feſtal morn,
We'll bleſs thy bounty that a GEORGE was born.

CAROLINE County, *September* 12, 1775.

WHEREAS a moſt baſe and infamous Report has been propagated againſt me, by ſome malicious and ill-deſigning Perſons, declaring that I had endeavoured to exaſperate the Negroes to riſe and carry into Execution the miniſterial Meaſures againſt the Rights and Liberties of America: I do, in a moſt ſolemn Manner, deny ſo infamous a Charge; and that I may not be thought guilty of a Conduct that might juſtify this undeſerved Treatment, I do moſt earneſtly requeſt of all ſuch Perſon or Perſons, who ſay I have been guilty of ſuch infamous Behaviour, to meet me at *Caroline* Courthouſe, on the ſecond *Thurſday* of the next Month, and there to declare to the Committee what it is I have ſaid, that I may be bleſſed with an Opportunity of ſetting forth my Innocency, and vindicating a Conduct that I would ſcorn to be guilty of. Such Reports as theſe are repugnant to that Spirit of Liberty which circulates with my Blood in my Veins, and which I hope will remain with it to the very laſt Drop; the Rocks that ſurround me ſhall melt away ere I betray a Cauſe which I hold in common with all Americans. No (were it in my Power) I never would become the baſe Deſtroyer of a Country in which alone I hope to have the Happineſs of procuring to myſelf a comfortable Subſiſtence. What does it ſignify to me that I am able to command a multitude of Slaves who ſhall come and humiliate themſelves at my Feet, if, in a Quarter of an Hour afterwards, I am forced in my Turn to humble myſelf at the Foot of another. Let the mean Slaves of their Maſters Wills fawn at their Feet, and remove the natural Rights of Humanity; as for me, I have learnt to be free; I know how to live ſo, and how to die free. Our Forefathers left *England* becauſe they could not ſubmit to unconſtitutional arbitrary Exertions of Power; they choſe rather to truſt themſelves with Beaſts and Savages than with *Engliſhmen*, who had reſigned themſelves to Slavery. Almighty God protected them whenever they were in Danger; he was a preſent Help to them; under his Guardianſhip, what was then a howling Wilderneſs is now become a fruitful Field; the Labour and Blood of our Anceſtors have enriched the Soil of this Country; they undauntedly expoſed themſelves to every Kind of Hardſhip, and bravely met Death in the high Places of the Field, that they might ſecure to us a quiet Poſſeſſion of thoſe Rights and Liberties, which, as Men, as *Engliſhmen*, and as Chriſtians, they knew we were entitled to. The Sovereign King of the Univerſe ſaw and approved their Deſign, and by his Favour AMERICANS are born FREEMEN, juſtly entitled to claim the Rights of Men, of BRITONS, and Chriſtians, for themſelves, and ſacredly bound, by the Laws of Almighty God and Nature, to uſe all Means in their Power to tranſmit them entire to their Children. Penetrated with theſe Sentiments, my Error ſhall never cauſe me to deſert the common Cauſe. It is true, none but very wicked Men can propagate Calumnies ſo groſs, and none but very fooliſh Ones believe them. But, however, had any One known me guilty of ſuch a Conduct they ought to have made it known to the Gentlemen of the Committee, who are appointed to inquire into all Miſdemeanors of ſuch Sort, where I might have had an Opportunity of pleading my Innocency, and not to have branded me with Reproach and Infamy, by expoſing me to the cutting Reproaches of a cenſorious World.

(2) SAMUEL KEMP.

P. S. As Mr. Kemp has already experienced the Compaſſion and Generoſity of the worthy Gentlemen of this County, he hopes the ſame Degree of Temper and Diſpoſition will induce them to ſuppreſs the Circulation of this cruel Slander, until ſuch Time as he makes his Appearance at the Tribunal above recited, when he hopes the Propagators of this groſs Calumny will be made known, and his much injured Character brought to Light. He cannot but return his grateful Acknowledgments to thoſe Gentlemen who have honoured him with the Tuition of their Children, and begs Leave to aſſure them that all proper Regard will be paid to the Children's Morals, and no Pains ſpared in endeavouring to form the tender Minds of thoſe committed to his Care to the Love of Liberty, Practice of Virtue, and good Manners.

FOR SALE,

BY THE PRINTERS OF THIS PAPER,

FINE WRITING PAPER, BLUE, BLOTTING, BROWN, and WHITED BROWN PAPER.—Alſo

CARTRIDGE PAPER,

By the REAM or QUIRE.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the Subſcriber, in *Hillſborough*, *North Carolina*, ſome Time in *April* laſt, a BAY HORSE, about 8 or 9 Years old, 4 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, black Mane and Tail, has remarkable ſmall Eyes, is a natural Pacer, and I believe he has ſeveral Hearts on his Buttocks and Shoulders, beſides ſome other Brands, not remembered. I will give 3l. Reward to any Perſon who will bring him to me in *Hillſborough*, or to Mr. *George Archer* in *Peterſburg*, or ſecure him ſo that I may get him again.

JOHN COATSWORTH.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, near *Cock*'s Bridge, a BAY MARE, about 4 Feet 5 Inches high, 15 Years old, paces ſlow, has a ſore Back, ſome white Hairs on the off Side of her Neck, appears to have been much worked, and branded on the near Buttock I. Poſted, and appraiſed to FIVE POUNDS.

JOHN ALEXANDER STILL.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 9, 1775.

I intend to leave the Colony ſoon.

JOSHUA HARDCASTLE.

TO BE SOLD,

At Mr. MILES TAYLOR'*s*, *in the Town of* RICHMOND,

THE FOLLOWING

GARDEN and other SEEDS,

Lately imported from ITALY, *viz.*

BROWN Colewarts	Early Maziochi do.	White Cucumbers.
Rom. purple do.	Late ditto.	Naples Water-melon.
Roman ſmall Broccoli	Parſley.	Piſtoia ditto.
Laſagnino Cabbage.	Roman ditto.	Early Muſk-melon.
Verzotto do.	Spinage.	Orange ditto.
Crocino Colewarts.	Aſparagus.	----- Cantaloupe do.
Early Broccoli.	Sweet Baſil.	Early Pumpkins.
Green ditto.	Citron ditto.	Celery.
White loaf ditto.	Leeks.	Long ditto.
Zolfino ditto.	Round Radiſh.	Lupini.
colliflower from *Malta*	Long ditto.	Turkey Snap Beans.
Orange Lettuce.	French ditto.	Early Charlton Peaſe.
Roman ditto.	Ramolacci ditto.	Ormond Hotſpur do.
Curled ditto.	Creſs.	Large Marrowfat do.
Dutch ditto.	Chervil.	Dwarf do. do.
Winter ditto.	Poppy.	Ledman's Dwarf do.
Italian Loaf early do.	Beet.	Winter ditto.
Imperial ditto.	Red Beet.	Saffron.
Endive.	Sweet Fennil.	Four Kinds of Wheat
Curled ditto.	Green Cucumbers.	Three do. Horſe Beans

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Number of Students now at *Littleton* School, in *Cumberland* County, manifeſtly proves that an Academy eſtabliſhed in ſaid County, on a proper Plan, might prove extremely uſeful; and as an introduction to ſuch a Deſign, the School, which is at preſent under the Care of one Maſter only, ſhall be attended by two Maſters after the firſt Day of *October* next, who have had a regular Education, and are to teach the *Greek* and *Latin* Languages, and the Mathematicks in all it's Branches. It is intended to employ a third Maſter to teach Natural and Moral Philoſophy, as ſoon as the Number of Students will afford ſufficient Encouragement.

All poſſible pains ſhall be taken at this School to qualify the Youth for valuable and uſeful Members of Society, by inculcating on their Minds the neceſſity of living ſoberly, righteouſly, and godly, without Enthuſiaſm or Superſtition.

From the many unneceſſary Diviſions, and erroneous Tenets, propagated among us, and the general Prevalency of Ignorance, Enthuſiam, and Impiety, among the lower Claſs of People, may be perceived the Neceſſity of having our Youth educated under the immediate Care and Superintendency of ſuch as are Members of our happy Eſtabliſhment, and of approved Morals.

There is a ſufficient Number of Planters Houſes convenient to the School, to board forty Boys. The annual Charge of each Student is ten pounds for Bed, Board, and Waſhing, and five Pounds for School Fees. As the Charge is moderate, and the Situation healty and pleaſant, it is hoped that this School ſhall meet with Encouragement, as long as the Conduct of the Maſters (who are always to be Members of the Church of England) ſhall merit Approbation.

As ſoon as Peace is reſtored, it is intended to raiſe a ſufficient Sum of Money, by Subſcription, to ſupport and maintain *in perpetuum*, a public School in this Pariſh, under the Care of ſeveral Maſters, and to build neceſſary Houſes, agreeable to a Plan to be approved of by a Majority of the Donors.

TAKEN up, in *Spotſylvania*, a BLACK COW, with ſome White under her Belly, about three Years old laſt Spring, marked with a Crop in each Ear, the Crop is pretty much hollowed, ſomething like a Swallowfork. Poſted, and appraiſed to 2l. 10s.

CHARLES PEMBERTON.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, a SORREL MARE about 4 Feet 5¼ Inches high, 14 or 15 Years old, has a Star in her Forehead, ſeveral white Spots on each Side of her Head, ſome Saddle Spots, is ſcabby under the Belly, with white Hairs intermixed, not branded, had a Bell on, tied with a Part of an old Girth. Poſted, and appraiſed to SIX POUNDS.

2 FRANCIS AUSTIN,
Overſeer for Mr. *Nelſon Berkeley*.

Juſt Publiſhed,

THE DUTY OF STANDING FAST IN OUR SPIRITUAL AND TEMPORAL LIBERTIES,

A

SERMON,

Preached in CHRIST Church, the 7th of *July*, before the FIRST BATTALION of the City and Liberties of *Philadelphia*,

By the Rev. JACOB DUCHE, M. A.

Publiſhed at their Requeſt, and inſcribed to GEORGE WASHINGTON, Eſq; General and Commander in Chief of the *American* Forces.

GALLATIONS, Chap. V. Part of FIRST Verſe:

STAND FAST, THEREFORE, IN THE LIBERTIES WHEREWITH CHRIST HATH MADE US FREE.

THE Subſcriber being very deſirous of getting out of Debt, without any Dependence on his ungrateful Debtors, propoſes to ſell the pleaſant and healthy Seat of HUNTINGTOUR, near *Appamattox* River, in the lower End of *Buckingham*, with 1500 or 2000 Acres of good Land, which produces fine Tobacco, Hemp, Wheat, &c. The Houſes are new, and the beſt I have ſeen in the county; a larger and better Garden I believe is not in the Colony, and on this Land are ſeveral Hundred Fruit Trees of the beſt Kind, many of which were brought by water to *Richmond* Town above 80 Miles. On this Tract of Land is a large Proportion of exceeding fine Meadow Land, with a Fiſh Pond within three Hundred Yards of the Dwelling-Houſe, ſtored with various Kinds of fine Fiſh, ſufficient for the Uſe of a Family the Year round. In this Neighbourhood is Plenty of excellent Veniſon. The Air is ſo pure that I never knew an Inſtance of any Perſon having the Ague and Fever at *Huntingtour*. I have travelled through the moſt Parts of *Virginia*, and I have not ſeen any Part that I would ſo willingly reſide in as this Neighbourhood. If I ſell this Place, I ſhall live on the Part of this Tract of Land which has been advertiſed for ſome Time paſt. I make no Doubt but *Appamattox* River will be ſoon cleared, and then Wheat will be carried as far as Col. *Baniſter*'s Mill, near *Peterſburg*, for 4d. or 5d. *per* Buſhel. I made at this Place 100 Gallons of rich Wine in 1772, and laſt Year (if it had not been for the Froſt) I could have made 5 or 600 Gallons, which Quantity I expect to make this Year.

HUNTINGTOUR would be a pleaſant and ſafe Place for a Gentleman of Fortune to retreat to in the Horrours of a civil War, or in the fickly Months of many Parts of the Lowlands.

"What is Honour, Grandeur, and Wealth?
"All fleeting, Nothing's without Health!"

I hope any Gentlemen inclinable to purchaſe will viſit the Premiſes this Summer.——I will alſo ſell, very cheap (that is, for about Half the Value) the Tract of rich LAND I have advertiſed in *Albemarle* for ſome Time paſt.

tf ANTHONY WINSTON.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Williamſburg*, the 16th Inſtant (*July*) two Servant Men, *viz.* JOHN STAUNTON, an *Engliſhman*, very talkative, by Trade a Wheelwright, pitted with the Smallpox, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, with ſhort dark Hair; had on, when he went away, a brown Cloth Coat and Jacket, and ſtriped and Check Trouſers. —ANDREW M'GILL, a *Scotchman*, by Trade a Blackſmith, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, wears ſhort dark Hair, of a ſwarthy Complexion; had on a dark blue Cloth Coat and Jacket, Leather Breeches, and ſtriped and Check Trouſers.—I imagine they will endeavour to paſs for Sailors, as from the ſhips of war. I have heard that they were ſeen going towards *North Carolina*, and will give 5l. for each if ſecured in any Gaol.

tf JOHN SHIPHARD.

DINWIDDIE, *September* 1, 1775.

FOR SALE, on very reaſonable Terms, ſeveral Tracts of valuable PATENTED LAND, ſome of which have Plantations with conſiderable Improvements thereon; alſo ſeveral Surveys and Entries of LAND, all lying in the Counties of *Halifax*, *Charlotte*, and *Bedford*. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may ſee the Land, and know the Terms, by applying to Mr. *Joſeph Medley* in *Halifax*, or to Mr. *Thomas Paulett* or *William Harvey*, Junior, of *Charlotte*. Good Titles will be made the Puchaſers by Mr. *Alexander Shaw* of this County, who is properly authoriſed to act for me during my Abſence from this Colony, for a few Months.

(tf) NATHANIEL MANSON.

ALEXANDRIA, *June* 5, 1775.

EIGHT POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, two indented Servants named ROBERT SHAW and ANDREW INGLES, both Natives of *Scotland*, and Bakers by Trade. Each of them had on a Bearſkin Jacket lined with Plaid, Oſnabrug Trouſers, old Shoes, and Half worn Caſtor Hats. Their Bundles conſiſt, as it is ſuppoſed, of two Match Coat Blankets, two Pair of Leather Breeches, two Oſnabrug Shirts, two Check Shirts, and two red Jackets. *Shaw* is about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, has a ſwarthy Complexion, dark ſhort friziled Hair, a long Scar on his right Arm, appears bold, and talks much. *Ingles* is about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, has ſhort ſtraight Hair, ſwarthy and long featured, has a Scab over his right Eye, his right Leg is ſore, he is fond of Liquor, and talks more in his Country Dialect than *Shaw*.——THOMAS WALSOM, a Convict, about 27 Years of Age, a Barber by Trade, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, has a Laddiſh down Look, brown ſtraight Hair, a little knock-kneed, and a leering Look; had on, and took with him, two white Linen Shirts, an old Drab coloured Cloth Coat, one red and one ſtriped Holland Jacket, one Pair of new Drilling Breeches, one Pair of old Buff coloured Stocking Breeches, one Pair of white and one Pair of white and blue ſpotted Stockings, a new Felt Hat bound with black Ferreting, has a black Silk Handkerchief, and ſome other Things which cannot be deſcribed.——WILLIAM LEE, by Trade a Cooper, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, marked with the Smallpox, has a remarkable large Noſe, ſpeaks thick, and is impudent; he took with him a yellow Bull-Dog, with cropped Ears, one Side of his Face white, has a Glaſs Eye, and white Breaſt and Neck, is very fond of going into the Water, and anſwers to the Name of *Turk*. The ſaid *Lee* had a Variety of Clothes, which cannot well be deſcribed. Whoever takes up, and ſecures the ſaid Servants, ſhall have the above Reward, or 40s. for each, paid by

(tf—‖3s.) JAMES KIRK.
ROBERT ADAM.
GEORGE PURVIS.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE Thouſand Acres of well timbered LAND, near *Newmarket*, in *Caroline* County, whereon are two Plantations in good Repair, with proper and convenient Edifices for farming or making of Tobacco. For Terms apply to the Subſcriber.

(tf) JOHN BAYLOR.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND in *Caroline* County, contiguous to *Matiapony*, containing about 2000 Acres of well timbered Land, the Property of Mr. *Robert Baylor*. The Terms may be known by applying to Mr. *Nathaniel Burwell* of *King William*, Mr. *John Armiſtead* of *Caroline*, and Mr. *John Baylor*, Executors. (tf)

For SALE, *and very* CHEAP,

THE Tract of LAND whereon I now live, in the lower End of *Caroline* County, that contains 470 Acres, and is known to be very good. The Improvements are, a new Dwelling-Houſe 32 by 28 Feet, with three Dormants on a Side, two Fireplaces below, and one above, a good Cellar, the Kitchen 24 by 16 Feet, with all other Outhouſes quite new, and the Plantation in fine Order for Cropping. Its Situation is equal to any Foreſt Place whatever. I will give Credit till next *Chriſtmas*, when Poſſeſſion may be had. (tf) LE ROY HIPKINS.

Juſt Publiſhed——Price one Shilling,

The MANUAL EXERCISE

As ordered by his Majeſty in the Year 1764,

WITH

EXPLANATIONS of the Method generally practiſed at Reviews and Field-Days.

TO WHICH IS ADDED,

The RULES and ARTICLES ordered by the General Congreſs, to be attended to, and obſerved for the better Government of the *American* Army.

Alſo, juſt publiſhed,——Price one Shilling,

THE

Sentiments of a Foreigner,

On the Diſputes of GREAT BRITAIN with AMERICA.—Tranſlated from the *French*.

Likewiſe——Price fifteen Pence,

A SERMON

On the preſent Situation of AMERICAN Affairs, preached on the 23d of *June* laſt, at the Requeſt of the Officers of the THIRD BATTALION of the City of *Philadelphia*, by WILLIAM SMITH, D. D. Provoſt of the College of that City.

*** DIXON *and* HUNTER *will give the beſt Price for any Quantity of clean Linen Rags.*